



Lectio Divina

**5th Sunday of Lent
29 March 2020**

Introduction

Lectio Divina is a form of prayer which invites us into a deeper encounter with the Lord through Scripture. It gives us the time to listen attentively to the Word, to be sensitive to its action on our hearts, and to reflect on what is being asked of us in our daily lives. Lectio Divina allows the Lord to penetrate our hearts and to fill them with His Love. Ultimately, through this encounter we are invited into an ever-deeper relationship and union with Him..

This resource is for both personal and group use with the necessary indications provided in the text below.

To commence...

Eliminate distractions and the possibility of interruption.

*In the name of the Father, ✠
and of the Son,
and of the Holy Spirit,
Amen.*

Invocation of the Holy Spirit

V: Come, Holy Spirit, fill the hearts of your faithful
and kindle in them the fire of your love.

R: Send forth your Spirit, and they shall be created.
And you shall renew the face of the earth.

Act of Contrition

By acknowledging our sinfulness and admitting that by ourselves we can do nothing that is not flawed, we ask God to take the initiative in this encounter.

V: Have mercy on us, O Lord
R: For we have sinned against you.
V: Show us, O Lord, your mercy:
R: And grant us your salvation.

May almighty God have mercy on us, forgive us our sins,
and bring us to everlasting life. Amen.



The Gospel

I am the resurrection and the life

The Gospel should be read slowly, meditatively, with pauses between sentences or whenever the sense requires it. When a group is doing Lectio Divina, it is usually best to take turns in reading the words of the Gospel, since for many people speaking will bring the words to mind better than hearing does.

A reading from the holy Gospel according to Saint John (11:1-45)

There was a man named Lazarus who lived in the village of Bethany with the two sisters, Mary and Martha, and he was ill. It was the same Mary, the sister of the sick man Lazarus, who anointed the Lord with ointment and wiped his feet with her hair. The sisters sent this message to Jesus, 'Lord, the man you love is ill.' On receiving the message, Jesus said, 'This sickness will end not in death but in God's glory, and through it the Son of God will be glorified.'

Jesus loved Martha and her sister and Lazarus, yet when he heard that Lazarus was ill he stayed where he was for two more days before saying to the disciples, 'Let us go to Judaea.' The disciples said, 'Rabbi, it is not long since the Jews wanted to stone you; are you going back again?' Jesus replied:

'Are there not twelve hours in the day?
A man can walk in the daytime without stumbling
because he has the light of this world to see by;
but if he walks at night he stumbles,
because there is no light to guide him.'

He said that and then added, 'Our friend Lazarus is resting, I am going to wake him.' The disciples said to him, 'Lord, if he is able to rest he is sure to get better.' The phrase Jesus used referred to the death of Lazarus, but they thought that by 'rest' he meant 'sleep', so Jesus put it plainly, 'Lazarus is dead; and for your sake I am glad I was not there because now you will believe. But let us go to him.' Then Thomas – known as the Twin – said to the other disciples, 'Let us go too, and die with him.'

On arriving, Jesus found that Lazarus had been in the tomb for four days already. Bethany is only about two miles from Jerusalem, and many Jews had come to Martha and Mary to sympathise with them over their brother. When Martha heard that Jesus had come she went to meet him. Mary remained sitting in the house. Martha said to Jesus, 'If you had been here, my brother would not have died, but I know that, even now, whatever you ask of God, he will grant you.' 'Your brother' said Jesus to her 'will rise again.'

Martha said, 'I know he will rise again at the resurrection on the last day.' Jesus said:

'I am the resurrection and the life.'



If anyone believes in me, even though he dies he will live, and whoever lives and believes in me will never die.

Do you believe this?’

‘Yes, Lord,’ she said ‘I believe that you are the Christ, the Son of God, the one who was to come into this world.’

When she had said this, she went and called her sister Mary, saying in a low voice, ‘The Master is here and wants to see you.’ Hearing this, Mary got up quickly and went to him. Jesus had not yet come into the village; he was still at the place where Martha had met him. When the Jews who were in the house sympathising with Mary saw her get up so quickly and go out, they followed her, thinking that she was going to the tomb to weep there.

Mary went to Jesus, and as soon as she saw him she threw herself at his feet, saying, ‘Lord, if you had been here, my brother would not have died.’ At the sight of her tears, and those of the Jews who followed her, Jesus said in great distress, with a sigh that came straight from the heart, ‘Where have you put him?’ They said, ‘Lord, come and see.’ Jesus wept; and the Jews said, ‘See how much he loved him!’ But there were some who remarked, ‘He opened the eyes of the blind man, could he not have prevented this man’s death?’ Still sighing, Jesus reached the tomb: it was a cave with a stone to close the opening. Jesus said, ‘Take the stone away.’ Martha said to him, ‘Lord, by now he will smell; this is the fourth day.’ Jesus replied, ‘Have I not told you that if you believe you will see the glory of God?’ So they took away the stone. Then Jesus lifted up his eyes and said:

‘Father, I thank you for hearing my prayer. I knew indeed that you always hear me, but I speak for the sake of all these who stand round me, so that they may believe it was you who sent me.’

When he had said this, he cried in a loud voice, ‘Lazarus, here! Come out!’ The dead man came out, his feet and hands bound with bands of stuff and a cloth round his face. Jesus said to them, ‘Unbind him, let him go free.’

Many of the Jews who had come to visit Mary and had seen what he did believed in him.

V: The Gospel of the Lord
R: Praise to you Lord Jesus Christ

The Shared Echo

For groups

When several people are doing Lectio together, then there is the opportunity for each person to share the words that have had the most impact in today’s passage on them personally. This may be a single word or a short phrase. The sharing of echoes and the listening to echoes are not a discussion aiming at a conclusion, but the opening of one heart to another.



Meditatio (reflection)

This is an opportunity to go deeper with the text. Write your thoughts in the space below using the prompts provided if necessary.

What does the Gospel say to me?

- What has drawn my attention or struck me in some way?
- Why? Was it a person? A word? A situation? A gesture?
- What is God saying to me through these words, here and now, today?

For groups

After having taken the time to go deeper with the Scriptural text individually, you may now wish to share your reflections with the others members of your group for a set period of time for example 10 minutes.

Oratio (prayer)

God has spoken to me. What do I reply?

Silently, each of us responds to what God has said to him through the passage we have read and even through the echoes we have heard.



Contemplatio (contemplation)

*Sometimes we may be led beyond prayer into a quiet and attentive resting in the presence of God.
Nothing is written down here. We are resting in God's love.*

Conclusion

*We prepare to return to the everyday world, carrying with us what we have received in
our minds and our hearts today.*

Now let us pray together in the words that Jesus gave us:

*Our Father, who art in heaven,
hallowed be thy name.
Thy kingdom come.
Thy will be done on earth, as it is in heaven.
Give us this day our daily bread,
and forgive us our trespasses,
as we forgive those who trespass against us,
and lead us not into temptation,
but deliver us from evil.*

May the Lord bless us, and keep us from all evil, and
bring us to everlasting life. Amen.

In the name of the Father, ✠
and of the Son,
and of the Holy Spirit,
Amen.